## CCR5 CO-RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS maraviroc (MVC) Selzentry 25mg, 75mg, tabs Adults: ≥16yrs: Concomitant potent CYP3A inhibitors (eg, PIs [except tipranavir/ritonavir], 150mg, delavirdine, elvitegravir/ritonavir, ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin, nefazodone,

oral soln

Form

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 1 of 5)

CYP3A inhibitor): not recommended.

(max 90mg) twice daily.

Adults: 600mg twice daily. Children: not established.

Children: not established.

resistance: 50mg twice daily.

Adults: Use other form.

CYP3A inducers: increase weight-based dose to twice daily.

**Usual Dose** 

enfuvirtide (ENF, T-20)

fostemsavir

cabotegravir

dolutegravir

raltegravir potassium

(RAL)

doravirine

Generic

**FUSION INHIBITORS** Fuzeon

**HIV-1 GP120-DIRECTED ATTACHMENT INHIBITOR** 

Rukobia

HIV-1 INTEGRASE STRAND TRANSFER INHIBITORS

Vocabria

**Tivicay** 

**Tivicay PD** 

Isentress

Oral

Suspension

Pifeltro

Isentress HD: 600ma

**Brand** 

Strength

300mg

20mg/mL

90mg/mL

600mg

30mg

10mg, 25mg,

50mg

5mg

400mg

100ma

pwd for SC inj after reconstitution

ext-rel tabs

tabs

tabs

tabs for oral susp

25mg, 100mg+: chew tabs

tahs

tabs

susp

tabs

(2 x 600mg) once daily or 400mg twice daily. Treatment-experienced: 400mg twice daily. Concomitant rifampin: 800mg (2 x 400mg) twice daily. **Children:** <4wks: use oral susp. ≥4wks (<25kg): use other forms; (≥25kg): 400mg twice daily;

**Adults:** Treatment-naïve or virologically suppressed on Isentress 400mg twice daily: 1200mg

telithromycin, boceprevir) (with or without a potent CYP3A inducer): 150mg twice daily. Other

from 300mg twice daily to 150mg twice daily if postural hypotension occurs.

concomitant drugs, including tipranavir/ritonavir, nevirapine, raltegravir, NRTIs, enfuvirtide: 300mg

twice daily. Concomitant potent CYP3A inducers (eg, efavirenz, rifampin, etravirine, carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin) (without a potent CYP3A inhibitor): 600mg twice daily. Severe renal impairment (CrCl <30mL/min) or ESRD (without potent CYP3A inhibitors or inducers): reduce dose

Children: <2yrs: not established. If unable to swallow, use oral soln. ≥2yrs: Concomitant potent CYP3A inhibitors (eg, PIs [except tipranavir/ritonavir], delavirdine, elvitegravir/ritonavir, ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin, nefazodone, telithromycin, boceprevir) (with or without a potent CYP3A inducer): (10-<20kg): 50mg or 2.5mL twice daily; (20-<30kg): 75mg or 4mL twice daily; (30–<40kg): 100mg or 5mL twice daily; (≥40kg): 150mg or 7.5mL twice daily. Other concomitant drugs, including tipranavir/ritonavir, nevirapine, raltegravir, NRTIs, enfuvirtide: (10-<30kg): not recommended; (≥30kg): 300mg or 15mL twice daily. Concomitant potent CYP3A inducers (eg, efavirenz, rifampin, etravirine, carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin) (without a potent

**Adults:** ≥16yrs: 90mg twice daily via SC inj into upper arm, anterior thigh, or abdomen

Children: <6yrs: not established. ≥6–16yrs: Limited data available; recommended 2mg/kg

Adults: Take with a meal at the same time each day. 30mg once daily in combination with Edurant

(25mg/day) for approx. 1 month (≥28 days). As oral lead-in: the last oral dose should be taken on the same day Cabenuva inj is started. As oral replacement (if planned to miss a scheduled Cabenuva inj by >7days): can replace up to 2 consecutive monthly inj visits. The first oral dose should be taken approx. 1 month after the last Cabenuva inj and continue until the day inj dosing is restarted.

Adults: Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced INSTI-naïve or virologically suppressed switching to dolutegravir + rilpivirine: 50mg once daily. Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced

INSTI-naïve with concomitant certain UDP-UGT1A or CYP3A inducers: 50mg twice daily. INSTIexperienced with certain INSTI-associated resistance substitutions or clinically suspected INSTI

Children: <4wks, <3kg, or INSTI-experienced with documented or clinically suspected resistance to other INSTIs (eg, raltegravir, elvitegravir): not established. ≥4wks: (14—<20kg): 40mg once daily; (≥20kg): 50mg once daily. Concomitant with certain UGT1A or

Children: <4wks, <3kg, or INSTI-experienced with documented or clinically suspected resistance to other INSTIs (eg, raltegravir, elvitegravir): not established. Swallow the tabs for oral susp whole or fully disperse in (5mL or 10mL based on dose) drinking water. After dispersion, administer susp within 30mins of mixing. ≥4wks: (3–<6kg): 5mg once daily; (6–<10kg): 15mg once daily; (10—<14kg): 20mg once daily. (14—<20kg): 25mg once daily; (≥20kg): 30mg once daily. If concomitant with certain UGT1A or CYP3A inducers, increase weight-based dose to twice daily.

(≥40kg): treatment-naïve or virologically suppressed on Isentress 400mg twice daily: 1200mg (2 x 600mg) once daily or 400mg twice daily. If unable to swallow, can use chew tabs: (3—<6kg): 25mg twice daily; (6-<10kg): 50mg twice daily; (10-<14kg): 75mg twice daily; (14-<20kg):

100mg twice daily; (20-<25kg): 150mg twice daily; (25-<28kg): 150mg twice daily; (28-<40kg): 200mg twice daily; ≥40kg: 300mg twice daily. Chew tabs max dose: 300mg twice daily. Isentress 100mg/pkt pwd for oral Adults: use tabs.

Children: <18yrs: not established.

Children: Pre-term neonates or <2kg: not recommended. Give first dose between 24–48hrs post birth if mother received raltegravir 2–24hrs before delivery. Birth to 1wk (2–<3kg): 4mg (0.4mL) once NON-NUCLEOSIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NNRTIS)

daily; (3-<4kg): 5mg (0.5mL) once daily; (4-<5kg): 7mg (0.7mL) once daily. 1 to 4wks (2-<3kg): 8mg (0.8mL) twice daily; (3—<4kg): 10mg (1mL) twice daily; (4—<5kg): 15mg (1.5mL) twice daily. ≥4wks (3-4kg): 25mg (2.5mL) twice daily; (4-4kg): 30mg (3mL) twice daily; (6-4kg): 40mg (4mL) twice daily; (8-<10kg): 60mg (6mL) twice daily; (10-<14kg): 80mg (8mL) twice daily; (14-<20kg): 100mg (10mL) twice daily; (20-<25kg): use chew tabs. Oral susp max dose: 100mg (10mL) twice daily.

Adults: ≥18yrs: 100mg once daily. Concomitant rifabutin: 100mg twice daily (approx. 12hrs apart).

(continued)

## Generic Brand Strength Form Usual Dose NON-NUCLEOSIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NNRTIS) (continued) efavirenz (EFV) Sustiva 50mg, 200mg caps Adults and Children: Once daily on an empty stomach, preferably at bedtime. Consider pretreating with antihistamine (for children) or steroid to minimize rash. <3mos or <3.5kg:

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 2 of 5)

additional 200mg after dialysis.

then increase to 150mg/m<sup>2</sup> twice daily.

Adults: ≥16yrs: Initially 200mg once daily for 14 days; then 200mg twice daily. Dialysis: Give

Children: <15days: not recommended. ≥15days: Initially 150mg/m<sup>2</sup> once daily for 14 days,

**Both:** If mild-to-moderate rash occurs during the 14-day lead in period, do not give twice-daily regimen until rash has resolved. Max lead-in period: 28 days; consider alternative regimen. If severe rash or hepatic event occurs, discontinue permanently. Max 400mg/day. Retitrate if stopped for >7 days. **Adults:** Initially Viramune 200mg once daily for 14 days, then Viramune XR 400mg once daily.

If mild-to-moderate rash develops during the 14-day lead in period, do not start Viramune XR until

rash has resolved. Lead-in period not necessary if patient already on a regimen of immediate-release Viramune twice daily. Max once-daily lead-in period: 28 days; consider alternative regimen. If severe rash or hepatic event occurs, discontinue permanently. Retitrate if stopped for >7 days.

Children: <6yrs: not recommended. ≥6—<18yrs: Initially 150mg/m² Viramune oral susp or IR tabs once daily for 14 days (max 200mg/day); then Viramune XR dose based on BSA: 0.58—0.83m²: 200mg once daily; 0.84—1.16m²: 300mg once daily; ≥1.17m²: 400mg once daily. All: max 400mg/day.

Adults and Children: <12yrs or <35kg: not established. Take with a meal. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 25mg once daily. *Pregnancy (already on prior stable dose and with HIV-1 RNA <50 copies/mL)*: 25mg once daily; monitor viral load. *Concomitant rifabutin*: 50mg once daily; decrease to 25mg once daily when rifabutin is stopped. *In combination with Vocabria*: 25mg once daily in combination with Vocabria (30mg/day) for approx. 1 month (≥28 days). As oral lead-in: the last oral dose should be taken on the same day Cabenuva inj is started. As oral replacement (if planned to miss a scheduled Cabenuva inj by >7days): can replace up to 2 consecutive monthly inj visits. The first oral dose should be taken approx. 1 month after the last Cabenuva inj and continued until the day inj dosing is restarted.

Adults: >16yrs: 300mg twice daily or 600mg once daily. Mild hepatic impairment: 200mg twice daily.

Children: <3mos: not established. ≥3mos (oral soln): 8mg/kg twice daily or 16mg/kg once daily;

Adults and Children: <25kg: use individual components. ≥25kg: 1 tab daily. Mild hepatic or renal

Adults and Children: <40kg: not recommended. ≥40kg: 1 tab twice daily. Mild hepatic or renal

Adults and Children: Take once daily on an empty stomach. 20—<25kg: 200mg. 25—<60kg:

250mg. ≥60kg: 400mg. Renal impairment (CrCl 30–59mL/min): <60kg: 125mg. ≥60kg: 200mg. CrCl 10–29mL/min: 125mg. CrCl <10mL/min or dialysis: <60kg: use oral soln; ≥60kg: 125mg.

Adults: ≥18yrs: 200mg once daily. Renal impairment (CrCl 30–49mL/min): 200mg every 48hrs;

Adults: ≥18yrs: 240mg (24mL) once daily. Renal impairment: (CrCl 30-49mL/min): 120mg (12mL) once

daily; (CrCl 15—29mL/min): 80mg (8mL) once daily; (CrCl <15mL/min or dialysis): 60mg (6mL) once daily. **Children:** <3mos: 3mg/kg once daily. 3mos—17yrs: 6mg/kg [max 240mg (24mL)] once daily. >33kg: may use cap form. Renal impairment: reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

Adults and Children: HIV treatment: <25kg or (concomitant PI plus ritonavir or cobicistat in children

<35kg or adults with CrCl <15mL/min ± HD): not established. ≥25kg (and CrCl ≥30mL/min) or adults

(with CrCl <15mL/min) receiving chronic HD: 1 tab once daily. *PrEP*: <35kg: not established. Confirm negative HIV-1 prior to initiation. ≥35kg (and CrCl ≥30mL/min) or adults (with CrCl <15mL/min) receiving chronic HD: 1 tab once daily. Both: severe renal impairment (CrCl 15-<30mL/min) or ESRD (CrCl <15mL/min) not receiving chronic HD: not recommended. Hemodialysis days: give dose after session.

Adults: HIV-1 infection: ≥35kg: 200mg/300mg once daily. CrCl 30–49mL/min: 200mg/300mg

to initiation. ≥35kg: 200mg/300mg once daily. CrCl<60mL/min: not recommended.

every 48hrs; CrCl <30mL/min, hemodialysis: not recommended. PrEP: confirm negative HIV-1 prior

Children: HIV-1 infection: <17kg: not established. 17—<22kg: 100mg/150mg once daily. 22—<28kg: 133mg/200mg once daily. 28—<35kg: 167mg/250mg once daily. ≥35kg: 200mg/300mg once daily.

(continued)

(CrCl15–29mL/min): 200mg every 72hrs; (CrCl <15mL/min or dialysis): 200mg every 96hrs. Children: <3mos: use oral soln. 3mos–17yrs (≤33kg): use oral soln; (>33kg): 200mg once daily.

max 600mg daily. If able to swallow tabs: 14—<20kg: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily; ≥20—<25kg: 450mg once daily or 150mg in the AM and 300mg in the PM; ≥25kg: use Adult dose.

impairment (CrCl<50mL/min): not recommended; use individual components.

impairment (CrCl<50mL/min): not recommended; use individual components.

Concomitant tenofovir DF (CrCl ≥60mL/min): <60kg: 200mg; ≥60kg: 250mg.

Renal impairment: Reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

PrEP: <35kg: not established.

etravirine (ETR)

nevirapine (NVP)

rilpivirine

abacavir sulfate (ABC)

abacavir sulfate (ABC)/

abacavir sulfate (ABC)/

lamivudine (3TC)

lamivudine (3TC)/

zidovudine (ZDV) didanosine (ddl)

emtricitabine (FTC)

emtricitabine (FTC)/

emtricitabine (FTC)/

tenofovir disoproxil

fumarate (TDF)

(TAF)

tenofovir alafenamide

Intelence

Viramune

Suspension

Viramune

**Edurant** 

Ziagen

Epzicom

**Trizivir** 

**Emtriva** 

Descovy

Truvada

Oral

25mg+, 100mg, 200mg

200mg+

100mg

400mg

25mg

**NUCLEOSIDE/NUCLEOTIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NRTIS)** 

300mg

300ma

200mg

10mg/mL

200mg/25mg

100mg/150mg, : tabs

133mg/200mg,

167mg/250mg,

200mg/300mg

20mg/mL

600mg/300mg : tabs

300mg/150mg/ : tabs

250mg, 400mg ; caps

125mg, 200mg, : e-c del-rel

caps

oral soln

tabs

50mg/5mL

600mg

tabs

tabs

tabs

oral susp

ext-rel tabs

tabs

tabs

oral soln1

not recommended. ≥3mos: (3.5—<5kg): 100mg; (5—<7.5kg): 150mg; (7.5—<15kg): 200mg; (15—<20kg): 250mg; (20—<25kg): 300mg; (25—<32.5kg): 350mg; (32.5—<40kg): 400mg; (≥40kg) and adults: 600mg. Concomitant voriconazole: increase voriconazole maintenance dose to 400mg every 12hrs and decrease efavirenz dose to 300mg once daily using caps. Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg): increase efavirenz dose to 800mg once daily.

Adults: Take after meals. ≥18yrs: 200mg twice daily.

Children: <2yrs or <10kg: not recommended. Take after meals. ≥2yrs (≥10kg—<20kg): 100mg twice daily; (≥20kg—<25kg): 125mg twice daily; (≥25kg—<30kg): 150mg twice daily; (≥30kg): 200mg twice daily.

NUCLEOSIDE/NUCLEOTIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NRTIS) (continued) lamivudine (3TC) **Epivir** 150mg+, tabs Adults: CrCl ≥50mL/min: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily; CrCl 30–49mL/min: 150mg once daily; CrCl 15-29mL/min: 150mg for 1st dose then 100mg once daily; CrCl 5-14mL/min: 150mg for 300mg 1st dose then 50mg once daily; CrCl <5mL/min: 50mg for 1st dose then 25mg once daily.

**Usual Dose** 

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 3 of 5)

Renal impairment: reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

Adults and Children: <35kg: not established. ≥35kg: 1 tab once daily.

Adults and Children: <30kg: not recommended. ≥30kg: 1 tab twice daily.

as adult. Renal impairment: Reduce dose or increase dosing interval.

of dialysis; CrCl <10mL/min: not recommended.

Children: Vertical transmission: See full labeling.

All other pregnant patients: no dose adjustments needed.

with ritonavir. See full labeling.

Adults: Use caps form.

all: single daily dose.

and/or neutropenia: see full labeling.

3 times daily).

Children: <3mos: not established. ≥3mos (oral soln): 5mg/kg twice daily or 10mg/kg once daily; max 300mg/day. Tabs: 14—<20kg: 150mg once daily or 75mg twice daily; ≥20—<25kg: 225mg once daily or 75mg in the AM and 150mg in the PM; ≥25kg: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily.

Hepatic or renal impairment (CrCl <50mL/min): not recommended; use individual components.

Adults: ≥35kg: 300mg once daily. Renal impairment: CrCl 30-49mL/min: 300mg every 48hrs; CrCl 10–29mL/min: 300mg every 72–96hrs; hemodialysis: 300mg every 7 days or after a total of 12hrs

Children: <2yrs (<10kg): not established. Mix oral pwd with 2–4oz of soft food not requiring

24mg/kg/day (12mg/kg twice daily or 8mg/kg 3 times daily); (≥9—<30kg): 18mg/kg/day (9mg/kg twice daily or 6mg/kg 3 times daily); (≥30kg): 600mg/day (300mg twice daily or 200mg 3 times daily). Alternative dosing based on BSA: 480mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day (240mg/m<sup>2</sup> twice daily or 160mg/m<sup>2</sup>

Adults and Children: <12yrs (<35kg): not established (with atazanavir) or (<40kg):

not established (with darunavir). Take with food. Must be co-administered at same time as atazanavir or darunavir. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 150mg once daily with atazanavir 300mg once daily (if treatment-naïve or experienced); or (≥40kg): 150mg once daily with darunavir 800mg once daily (if treatment-naïve or experienced with no darunavir resistance associated substitutions).

Adults: Take with food. Treatment-naive: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg, both once daily;

or atazanavir 400mg once daily if unable to tolerate ritonavir. Concomitant efavirenz: atazanavir

Children: <6yrs: not recommended. Take with food. Take once daily. 6–18yrs (15–<35kg): atazanavir 200mg + ritonavir 100mg; ≥35kg: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg. Treatmentnaive: ≥13yrs and ≥40kg who are unable to tolerate ritonavir: atazanavir 400mg once daily. Patients ≥13yrs and ≥40kg receiving concomitant tenofovir, H2-blockers, or PPIs: give atazanavir

Children: <3mos (<5kg): not recommended. ≥3mos (5—<15kg): atazanavir 200mg (4 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 80mg; (15–<25kg): atazanavir 250mg (5 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 80mg; (≥25kg who are unable to swallow caps): atazanavir 300mg (6 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 100mg;

400mg + ritonavir 100mg (both once daily) + efavirenz 600mg (on an empty stomach at bedtime). ESRD with hemodialysis: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg. Hepatic impairment (mild): 400mg once daily; (moderate): 300mg once daily; (severe): not recommended. Treatmentexperienced: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg; both once daily. Pregnancy (2nd or 3rd trimester) plus concomitant H2-blocker or tenofovir: atazanavir 400mg + ritonavir 100mg, both once daily. Concomitant tenofovir: consider giving atazanavir 300mg + tenofovir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg, all once daily; see full labeling. Concomitant H2-blockers or PPIs: see full labeling.

soln for IV inj : Adults: Give by IV infusion over 1hr; use only until oral therapy can be given. 1mg/kg every 4hrs. after dilution Renal impairment (CrCl <15mL/min) or on dialysis: 1mg/kg every 6-8hrs. Prevention of maternalfetal HIV or vertical transmission, severe anemia and/or neutropenia: see full labeling.

Adults: ≥60kg: 40mg every 12hrs; <60kg: 30mg every 12hrs. Renal impairment: ≥60kg

(CrCl 26–50mL/min): 20mg every 12hrs; (CrCl 10–25mL/min), dialysis: 20mg every 24hrs. <60kg (CrCl 26–50mL/min): 15mg every 12hrs; (CrCl 10–25mL/min), dialysis: 15mg every 24hrs. **Children:** ≤13 days: 0.5mg/kg every 12hrs. ≥14 days: (<30kg): 1mg/kg every 12hrs. ≥30kg:

lamivudine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF)

lamivudine (3TC)/

zidovudine (ZDV)

stavudine (d4T)

tenofovir disoproxil

fumarate (TDF)

zidovudine (ZDV)

cobicistat

PHARMACOKINETIC ENHANCER

**PROTEASE INHIBITORS (PIS)** 

atazanavir sulfate (ATV) Reyataz

Tybost

Generic

Cimduo Temixys Combivir

**Brand** 

300mg/300mg : tabs 150mg/300mg : tabs

15mg, 20mg,

30mg, 40mg

Strength

10mg/mL

caps

tabs

syrup

tabs

caps

oral pwd3

Form

oral soln

Viread Retrovir 150mg, 200mg, 250mg, 300mg 40mg/g oral pwd 300mg tabs 100mg caps

10mg/mL

10mg/mL

150mg

150mg,

200mg,

300mg

50mg

chewing (eq., applesauce, baby food, yogurt). Oral pwd ( $\geq 2yrs \geq 10kg$ ) or Tabs  $\geq 2yrs \geq 17kg$ ): 8mg/kg once daily; max 300mg/day. Tabs (if able to swallow): ≥2yrs (17—<22kg): 150mg once daily; (22–<28kg): 200mg once daily; (28–<35kg): 250mg once daily; (≥35kg): 300mg once daily. Adults: ≥18yrs: 300mg twice daily. Renal impairment (CrCl <15mL/min) or on dialysis: 100mg every 6-8hrs. Prevention of maternal-fetal HIV or vertical transmission, severe anemia Children: <6wks and/or for vertical transmission: See full labeling. 4wks to <18yrs: (4—<9kg):

(continued)

darunavir ethanolate	Prezista	: 75mg, 150mg,	: tabs	: <b>Adults:</b> ≥18yrs: <i>Treatment-naive or treatment-experienced with no darunavir resistance associated</i>
(DRV)	•			substitutions: darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily. Treatment-experienced with at
		100mg/mL	· oral cuen	eleast one darunavir resistance associated substitution or with no baseline resistance information:
				: darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily. <i>Pregnancy:</i> darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg
	:		:	twice daily; may consider darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily only if stable on dose prior
	:		:	to pregnancy and virologically suppressed (HIV-1 RNA <50copies/mL).
			:	Children: <3yrs: not recommended. Treatment-naive or treatment-experienced with no darunavi
	:		:	resistance associated substitutions: ≥3yrs to <18yrs: ≥10kg-<11kg: darunavir 350mg + ritonavir
	:	:		: 64mg once daily; ≥11kg—<12kg: darunavir 385mg + ritonavir 64mg once daily; ≥12kg—<13kg:
	:		:	darunavir 420mg + ritonavir 80mg once daily; ≥13kg—<14kg: darunavir 455mg + ritonavir 80mg
	:	:	:	once daily; ≥14kg-<15kg: darunavir 490mg + ritonavir 96mg once daily; ≥15-<30kg: darunavir
	:		:	:600mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 675mg + ritonavir 100mg once

daily; ≥40kg: darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily. *Treatment-experienced with at least one darunavir resistance associated substitution:* ≥3yrs to <18yrs: ≥10kg—<11kg: darunavir 200mg + ritonavir 32mg twice daily; ≥11kg—<12kg: darunavir 220mg + ritonavir 32mg twice daily; ≥12kg—<13kg: darunavir 240mg twice daily; ≥13kg—<14kg: darunavir 260mg + ritonavir 40mg twice daily; ≥13kg—<15kg: darunavir 45mg + ritonavir 48 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 48 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 48 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 48 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 45 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—40kg: darunavir 45 mg twice dail

ritonavir 60mg twice daily; ≥40kg: darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily.

Adults: Oral susp: take without food. Therapy-naive: 1.4q twice daily; or fosamprenavir 1.4q +

ritonavir 200mg once daily; or fosamprenavir 1.4g + ritonavir 100mg once daily; or fosamprenavir

Children: PI-naive (<4wks) or PI-experienced (<6mos): not recommended. Oral susp: Take twice daily with food. PI-naive (≥4wks–18yrs) or PI-experienced (≥6mos): <11kg: fosamprenavir 45mg/kg + ritonavir 7mg/kg; 11—<15kg: fosamprenavir 30mg/kg + ritonavir 3mg/kg; 15—<20kg fosamprenavir 18mg/kg + ritonavir 3mg/kg. ≥20kg: fosamprenavir 18mg/kg + ritonavir 3mg/kg.

**Both:** If emesis occurs within 30min after dosing, re-dose. Do not exceed adult dose. See full labeling.

Adults: Take with water on an empty stomach or with a light meal. 800mg every 8hrs. Concomitant

Adults: Oral soln: take with food. ≥18yrs: <3 lopinavir resistance-associated substitutions: 400/100mg

twice daily or 800/200mg once daily. ≥3 lopinavir resistance-associated substitutions or concomitant carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, efavirenz, nevirapine, nelfinavir, or if pregnant (avoid

oral soln): once-daily dosing not recommended. Concomitant efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir:

500/125mg (two 200/50mg tabs + one 100/25mg tab) or 520/130mg (6.5mL) twice daily. Children: <42wks postmenstrual age or <14 days postmatal: not recommended. 14days-6mos: 16/4mg/kg or 300/75mg/m² twice daily. Do not administer with efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir. >6mos-<18yrs: 230/57.5mg/m² twice daily, or if <15kg: 12/3mg/kg twice daily; ≥15-40kg: 10/2.5mg/kg twice daily; >40kg: max 400/100mg twice daily. Concomitant efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir: >6mos-<18yrs: 300/75mg/m² twice daily, or if <15kg: 13/3.25mg/kg twice daily; ≥15-45kg: 11/2.75mg/kg twice daily; >45kg: max oral soln: 520/130mg

<2yrs: not recommended. 2—13yrs: 45—55mg/kg twice daily or 25—35mg/kg 3 times daily;

**Adults:** Take with meals. Initially at least 300mg twice daily, increase every 2–3 days by 100mg twice daily to 600mg twice daily. Concomitant other PIs (eg., atazanavir, darunavir, fosamprenavir,

Children: <1mo or before postmenstrual age <44wks: not recommended. >1mo: Initially 250mg/m<sup>2</sup> twice daily; increase every 2–3 days by 50mg/m<sup>2</sup> twice daily to 350–400mg/m<sup>2</sup> twice

**Children:** <1mo: not recommended. Use only for dosing increments of 100mg; if less than or between 100mg intervals, use oral soln. >1mo: initially 250mg/m² twice daily, increase every 2–3 days by 50mg/m² twice daily to 350–400mg/m² twice daily; max 600mg twice daily. Concomitant other Pls (eg, atazanavir, darunavir, fosamprenavir, saquinavir, tipranavir); reduce

Adults: Take within 2hrs after a meal. >16yrs: saguinavir 1g twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice

daily (taken at same time). Treatment-naive or switching from a delavirdine- or rilpivirine-containing regimen: initially saquinavir 500mg twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice daily for 7 days, then

(continued)

max 2.5g/day. >13yrs: 1.25g twice daily or 750mg 3 times daily. Reduce concomitant rifabutin dose

(6.5mL) twice daily; or max tabs: 500/125mg twice daily. See full labeling.

saquinavir, tipranavir): Reduce ritonavir dose. See full labeling.

increase to saquinavir 1g twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice daily.

rifabutin: 1g every 8hrs and reduce rifabutin dose by ½. Concomitant ketoconazole, itraconazole,

Children: not established. 3–18yrs: 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 8hrs has been used; see full labeling.

700mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily. PI-experienced: fosamprenavir 700mg + ritonavir 100mg

**Both:** Take with food. Severe hepatic impairment: not recommended.

twice daily. Hepatic dysfunction: See full labeling.

delavirdine, or hepatic insufficiency: 600mg every 8hrs.

PI-naive (≥2yrs): fosamprenavir 30mg/kg.

Adults and Children: Take with food.

by 1/2 and give nelfinavir 1.25g twice daily.

Children: ≤16yrs: not recommended.

daily; max 600mg twice daily.

Adults: not applicable.

ritonavir dose.

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 4 of 5)

**Usual Dose** 

Strength

Form

tahs

caps

: tabs

tabs

tabs

oral soln<sup>2</sup>

oral pwd

tabs

oral soln<sup>2,5</sup>

oral susp

700mg

50mg/mL

400mg

100mg/25mg,

200mg/50mg

80mg/20mg per mL

250mg,

625mg

100mg

80mg/mL

100mg

500mg

Brand

PROTEASE INHIBITORS (PIS) (continued)

fosamprenavir calcium : Lexiva

Crixivan

Viracept

Norvir

**Invirase** 

(FOS-APV)

indinavir sulfate (IDV)

nelfinavir mesylate

ritonavir (RTV)

saquinavir mesylate

(SQV)

(NFV)

(RTV)

lopinavir (LPV)/ritonavir : Kaletra

Generic

		100mg/mL		14mg/kg + ritonavir 6mg/kg or (375mg/m² + ritonavir 150mg/m²) twice daily; max tipranavir 500mg + ritonavir 200mg twice daily. Intolerance or toxicity (if virus not resistant to multiple Pls): may reduce dose to tipranavir 12mg/kg + ritonavir 5mg/kg or (290mg/m² + ritonavir 115mg/m²) twice daily.			
MULTICLASS FIXED-DOSE COMBINATION							
abacavir/dolutegravir/ lamivudine	•	600mg/50mg/ 300mg		Adults and Children: <40kg: not recommended. ≥40kg: 1 tab daily. Concomitant efavirenz, fosamprenavir/ritonavir, tipranavir/ritonavir, carbamazepine, rifampin: give additional dolutegravir 50mg separated by 12hrs from Triumeq.			
atazanavir/cobicistat	Evotaz	300mg/150mg		Adults: 1 tab daily. Children: <18yrs: not established.			
bictegravir/emtricitabine (FTC)/ tenofovir alafenamide (TAF)	Biktarvy	50mg/200mg/ 25mg	tabs	Adults and Children: <25kg: not established. ≥25kg: 1 tab once daily.			
cabotegravir + rilpivirine	•	400mg+ 600mg, 600mg + 900mg; per kit	for IM inj	Adults: Give each IM inj at separate gluteal inj sites (on opposite sides or 2cm apart) during same visit; preferably ventrogluteal site. Prior to initiation, assess tolerability using oral lead-in (with Vocabria and Edurant) for approx. 1 month (≥28 days). At Month 2 (on last day of oral lead-in): initiate injections at 600mg/900mg once; Month 3 onwards: continue at 400mg/600mg injections once monthly (may be given up to 7 days before or after the scheduled date to receive monthly injections).			

Children: not established.

not recommended.

Children: not established.

once daily during coadministration. **Children: not established.** 

Children: <18yrs: not established.

hemodialysis: not recommended.

not recommended.

Children: not established.

12hrs after Delstrigo dose.

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 5 of 5)

Adults: Tipranavir 500mg + ritonavir 200mg twice daily.

Children: <2yrs: not recommended. Use oral soln if unable to swallow caps. 2—18yrs: tipranavir

Adults and Children: <40kg: not established. ≥40kg: 1 tab daily with food.

Adults and Children: <3yrs: darunavir, not recommended; or <40kg: not established.

≥40kg: 1 tab once daily with food. May split tab into 2 pieces if unable to swallow; consume entire dose immediately. Severe renal (CrCl <30mL/min) or severe hepatic impairment: not recommended.

Adults: 1 tab once daily. Concomitant carbamazepine, rifampin: give additional dolutegravir 50mg separated by 12hrs from Dovato. Renal impairment (CrCl <50mL/min) or severe hepatic impairment:

Adults: 1 tab once daily with a meal. Concomitant rifabutin: take additional rilpivirine 25mg tab

Adults: ≥18yrs: 1 tab once daily. Concomitant rifabutin: give additional doravirine 100mg approx.

Adults and Children: <40kg: not established. Take on empty stomach. ≥40kg: 1 tab once daily

(preferably at bedtime). Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg): give additional 200mg/day of efavirenz.

Adults and Children: <40kg: not established. ≥40kg: 1 tab once daily on an empty stomach

(preferably at bedtime). Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg): give additional 200mg/day of efavirenz.

Adults and Children: <35kg: not established. ≥35kg: 1 tab once daily on an empty stomach

(preferably at bedtime). Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg): give additional 400mg/day of éfavirenz.

1 tab once daily with food. Pregnancy (already on prior stable dose and with HIV-1 RNA

Concomitant rifabutin: take additional rilpivirine 25mg once daily.

<50 copies/mL): continue with 1 tab once daily; monitor viral load. Severe renal impairment (CrCl 15-<30mL/min) or ESRD (CrCl <15mL/min) not receiving chronic HD: not recommended.

Adults and Children: <12yrs (<35kg): not established. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 1 tab once daily with food. Pregnancy (already on prior stable dose and with HIV-1 RNA <50 copies/mL): continue

Adults and Children: <25kg: not established. ≥25kg and CrCl ≥30mL/min; or adults with

CrCl < 15mL/min on chronic hemodialysis (give dose after session): 1 tab once daily with food. Severe hepatic or renal impairment (CrCl 15—< 30mL/min), or ESRD (CrCl < 15mL/min) not on

Adults and Children: <12yrs or <35kg: not established. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 1 tab once daily

<50mL/min during therapy; also in children: no data available. Severe hepatic impairment:

soln for IV inj Adults: Infuse over ≥30mins for 1st infusion; may reduce to ≥15mins for subsequent infusions if after dilution itolerated. 2000mg as single loading dose followed by 800mg maintenance dose every 2wks.

with food. Renal impairment (CrCl <70mL/min): not recommended; discontinue if CrCl declines to

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with 1 tab once daily; monitor viral load. Renal impairment (CrCl<50mL/min): not recommended.

Adults and Children: <12yrs (<35kg): not established. ≥12yrs (≥35kg and CrCl ≥30mL/min):

**Usual Dose** 

Strength

250ma

800mg/150mg : tabs

800mg/150mg/; tabs

tabs

tabs

200mg/10mg

50mg/300mg

50mg/25mg

300mg

300mg

300mg

300mg

25mg

300mg

200mg/25mg/

100mg/300mg/ : tabs

600mg/200mg/: tabs

600mg/300mg/ : tabs

400mg/300mg/ : tabs

200mg/25mg/ : tabs

150mg/150mg/: tabs

150mg/150mg/: tabs

200mg/10mg

200mg/300mg

200mg/1.33mL

<sup>1</sup> Contains parabens, propylene glycol <sup>2</sup> Contains alcohol <sup>3</sup> Contains phenylalanine <sup>4</sup> Contains Vit. E 116 IU/mL <sup>5</sup> Keep in refrigerator <sup>6</sup> For heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen

Not an inclusive list of medications and/or official indications. Please see drug monograph at www.eMPR.com and/or contact company for full drug labeling.

tabs

Form

soft gel

caps<sup>2</sup>

Brand

**Aptivus** 

Prezcobix

Symtuza

Juluca

Delstrigo

Atripla

Symfi

Symfi Lo

Odefsey

Complera

Genvoya

Stribild

CD4-DIRECTED POST-ATTACHMENT HIV-1 INHIBITOR

Trogarzo<sup>6</sup>

Key: + = scored; HD = hemodialysis PI = protease inhibitor

PROTEASE INHIBITORS (PIS) (continued)

Generic

tipranavir (TPV)

darunavir/cobicistat

darunavir/cobicistat/

alafenamide

emtricitabine/tenofovir

dolutegravir/rilpivirine

doravirine/lamivudine/

tenofovir disoproxil

emtricitabine (FTC)/

tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF) efavirenz/lamivudine/

tenofovir disoproxil

emtricitabine (FTC)/

rilpivirine/tenofovir

alafenamide (TAF)

emtricitabine (FTC)/

rilpivirine/tenofovir

disoproxil fumarate (TDF)

elvitegravir/cobicistat/

tenofovir alafenamide

elvitegravir/cobicistat/

emtricitabine (FTC)/

tenofovir disoproxil

fumarate (TDF)

ibalizumab-uiyk

**NOTES** 

emtricitabine (FTC)/

(TAF)

efavirenz (EVF)/

fumarate

fumarate

dolutegravir/lamivudine : Dovato